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APPLICATION	NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/904,585	09/904,585 07/16/2001		Yehoshuz Yeshurun	YESHURUN=3A	3898
1444	759	0 05/31/2005		EXAMINER	
BROWDY AND NEIMARK, P.L.L.C. 624 NINTH STREET. NW				RUDDOCK, ULA CORINNA	
SUITE 300				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
WASHINGTON, DC 20001-5303				1771	
				DATE MAILED: 05/31/2005	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	09/904,585	YESHURUN ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Ula C. Ruddock	1771					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appeariod for Reply	opears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a re - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perio - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	.136(a). In no event, however, may a ply within the statutory minimum of thi d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MOI ate, cause the application to become A	reply be timely filed ty (30) days will be considered timely. ITHS from the mailing date of this communic BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ation.				
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 11	March 2005.						
	is action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allow	ance except for formal mat	ers, prosecution as to the merit	s is				
closed in accordance with the practice under	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims							
4) ☐ Claim(s) 14-31 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrest is/are allowed. 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 14-31 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	rawn from consideration.						
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examination 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) and a complex and a comple	ccepted or b) objected to the drawing(s) be held in abeya the drawing if the drawing	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). I(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.12	` '				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
a) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority docume application from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. nts have been received in a light in the ligh	Application No received in this National Stage	;				
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		Summary (PTO-413)					
 Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 		s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 					

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DETAILED ACTION

1. The Examiner has carefully considered Applicant's amendment and accompanying remarks filed March 11, 2005.

2. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3. Claims 14-31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Blommer et al. (US 4,989,493) in view of Fischer et al. (US 4,594,290). Blommer et al. disclose a structure for attenuating explosive shock waves to prevent propagation of accidental explosions (abstract). The structure comprises a center sheet of steel surrounded by aluminum, poly methyl methacrylate (PMMA) acrylic plastic, and a rigid foam made from a 50/50 mixture of glass microballoons and a polyurethane resin (col 3, ln 34-40). It should be noted that the Examiner is equating Blommer's aluminum layer to Applicant's rear layer (as shown on page 5 of 6 of present specification) and Blommer's glass microballoons to the glass brittle covering in Applicant's invention. Blommer et al. disclose the claimed invention except for the teaching that the armor layer is slanted oriented relative to the expected trajectory of the oncoming projectile.

Fischer et al. disclose an impact resistant laminate that includes a first ply, which is disposed in the direction of an expected impact (col 1, ln 62-64). The first play can comprise glass or polymethyl methacrylate (col 2, ln 19-20). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to have used Fischer's teaching of disposing the front ply in the direction of an

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expected impact on the structure of Blommer et al., motivated by the desire to create an explosionattenuating device that has increased explosion attenuation.

With regard to claims 24 and 25, it would have been obvious to make the armor layer transparent or opaque, motivated by the desire to create a laminate having a desired aesthetic appearance.

With regard to claims 32 and 33, although the combination of Blommer et al. and Fischer et al. fail to specifically disclose "plates", it is the Examiner's position that it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to have made the poly methyl methacrylate (PMMA) acrylic plastic into a plate, motivated by the desire to create a device having increased explosion attenuation. Furthermore, the front surface of Blommer et al. and Fischer et al. is coextensive with the armor layer.

Rejection is maintained.

Response to Arguments

4. Applicant's arguments filed March 11, 2005, have been fully considered but they are not persuasive for the reasons set forth. Applicant argues that the Blommer et al. and Fischer et al. reference are not in the same technical field. This argument is not persuasive because Blommer et al. disclose that the use of laminates (Fischer et al. disclose impact resistant laminates) to attenuate the propagation of projectiles and shrapnel that often accompanies explosions, is well established (col 1, ln 66-68). A bullet can be a projectile. Therefore, it is the Examiner's opinion that these references are analogous. Furthermore, it has been held that the determination that a reference is from a nonanalogous art is twofold. First we decide if the reference is within the field

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of the inventor's endeavor. If it is not, we proceed to determine whether the reference is reasonably pertinent to the particular problem with which the inventor was involved. In re Wood, 202 USPQ 171, 174. In this case, both references are within the field of Applicant's endeavor. Applicant further argues that that there is no prior art suggestion or evidence to indicate that any purpose would be served by combining the teachings of the references. This argument is also not persuasive because Fischer et al. specifically disclose that disposing the first ply in the direction of an expected impact provide a ballistic response that is unexpectedly high (col 3, ln 21-23) and offer resistance to penetration and spalling from projectiles that is measurably better (col 13, ln 17-21). Applicant further argues that if the teachings of the references were combined, the resulting structure would not be one in which an armor layer of plate is slantingly oriented relative to the expected trajectory of the oncoming projectile and constitutes means for deflecting the projectile from its original course. This argument is not persuasive because the Examiner is equating Fischer's teaching of disposing the first ply in the direction of an expected impact to Applicant' armor layer that is slantingly oriented relative to the expected trajectory of the oncoming projectile. It should be noted that Applicant, in the claims, fails to define a particular angle for their "slantingly oriented" armor layer. Finally, the Examiner believes that an object that has a first ply in the direction of an expected impact would serve to deflect or divert a projectile, not only by the angle in which the ply is disposed, but also by the materials used in the entire structure. Applicant also argues that neither applied reference discloses a plate made of PMMA or epoxy resin. While this may be true, it would have been a well-known design choice in the industry, to have used plates in

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the laminate because it allows the article to have enhanced flexibility. Therefore, the rejections have been maintained.

Conclusion

5. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ula C. Ruddock whose telephone number is 571-272-1481. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Terrel H. Morris can be reached on 571-272-1478. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

UCRUCA

Ula G. Ruddock
Primary Examiner
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